

4. Write short notes on: **(any four)** $7 \times 4 = 28$

- (i) SwissProt
- (ii) Needleman-Wunsch method of alignments of sequences
- (iii) NCBI
- (iv) Application of Bioinformatics in biology
- (v) Use of 2D gels in proteomics
- (vi) Maximum likelihood method of molecular phylogeny

5. Answer the following questions : $12 \times 2 = 24$

(a) What do you mean by sequence analysis? Discuss the sequence analysis tool BLAST and FASTA and their application in bioinformatics.

$2 + 10 = 12$

(b) Discuss different types of phylogenetic trees and their application in evolutionary studies.

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INTRODUCTION TO BIOINFORMATICS

Paper : BCA-HG-2026

Full Marks : 80

Time : Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Choose the correct answer: $2 \times 8 = 16$

(i) Which of the following is not a type of Phylogenetic tree ?

- (a) Rooted tree
- (b) Unrooted tree
- (c) Decision tree
- (d) Rooted bifurcating tree

(ii) In which year did the SWISSPROT protein sequence database begin ?

- (a) 1980
- (b) 1985
- (c) 1987
- (d) 1984

- (iii) Who is the founder of NCBI ?
- (a) Pauline Hogeweg
 - (b) Claude Pepper
 - (c) Sanger
 - (d) J. W. Watson
- (iv) Which is the largest DNA database in the world ?
- (a) UK National DNA database
 - (b) GenBank
 - (c) DDBJ
 - (d) CODIS
- (v) Which alignment is useful to detect the highly similar sequences ?
- (a) Local
 - (b) Global
 - (c) Multiple sequence
 - (d) Pairwise sequence
- (vi) BLAST programme is used for :
- (a) Translate amino acid sequence
 - (b) Translate input sequence
 - (c) Translate DNA sequence
 - (d) Translate RNA sequence

- (vii) Which of the following is not a sequence alignment tool ?
- (a) BLAST
 - (b) FASTA
 - (c) Rasmol
 - (d) ClustalW
- (viii) Which of the following is a multiple sequence alignment tool ?
- (a) Chime
 - (b) PDB
 - (c) ClustalW
 - (d) BLAST

2. Distinguish between : $4 \times 2 = 8$
- (a) Protein and Nucleic acid sequence
 - (b) Primary and Secondary database
3. Write the full form of the following abbreviation : **(any four)** $1 \times 4 = 4$
- (i) UPGMA
 - (ii) NCBI
 - (iii) PDB
 - (iv) MEGA
 - (v) EMBL
 - (vi) FASTA